Aggressive Driving

Table 32 shows information about collisions in Idaho from 1999 through 2003 involving aggressive driving. The behaviors that define aggressive driving are: failure to yield right of way, passed stop sign, exceeded posted speed, driving too fast for conditions, following too close, and disregarded signal. Aggressive driving is not to be confused with road rage, which is a deliberate and violent act against another driver and is a criminal offense.

An officer may indicate up to three contributing circumstances for each vehicle in a collision. Thus the total number of fatalities and injuries attributed to these behaviors in the top portion of the table do not equal the sum of the fatalities and injuries attributed to individual behaviors in the bottom of the table.

Table 32 Aggressive Driving Collisions: 1999-2003										
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Change 2002-2003	Avg. Chang 1999-2002			
Total Aggressive Driving Collisions	14,817 147	15,388 120	15,398 128	15,066 138	14,649 128	-2.8% -7.2%	0.6% -1.3%			
Fatalities										
Serious Injuries	1,043	951	949	963	838	-13.0%	-2.5%			
Visible Injuries	3,256	3,358	3,254	3,223	2,895	-10.2%	-0.3%			
Possible Injuries	4,721	4,807	4,770	5,023	5,065	0.8%	2.1%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou	s Injuries I	nvolving:*								
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions	459	395	359	357	311	-12.9%	-7.9%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions Fail to Yield Right of Way	459 410	395 344	356	373	353	-5.4%	-2.6%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions Fail to Yield Right of Way Exceeded Posted Speed	459 410 174	395 344 188	356 202	373 184	353 133	-5.4% -27.7%	-2.6% 2.2%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions Fail to Yield Right of Way Exceeded Posted Speed Passed Stop Sign	459 410 174 130	395 344 188 74	356 202 122	373 184 127	353 133 97	-5.4% -27.7% -23.6%	-2.6% 2.2% 8.6%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions Fail to Yield Right of Way Exceeded Posted Speed Passed Stop Sign Following Too Close	459 410 174 130 103	395 344 188 74 104	356 202 122 127	373 184 127 106	353 133 97 95	-5.4% -27.7% -23.6% -10.4%	-2.6% 2.2% 8.6% 2.2%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions Fail to Yield Right of Way Exceeded Posted Speed Passed Stop Sign	459 410 174 130	395 344 188 74	356 202 122	373 184 127	353 133 97	-5.4% -27.7% -23.6%	-2.6% 2.2% 8.6%			
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Seriou Driving Too Fast for Conditions Fail to Yield Right of Way Exceeded Posted Speed Passed Stop Sign Following Too Close	459 410 174 130 103	395 344 188 74 104	356 202 122 127	373 184 127 106	353 133 97 95	-5.4% -27.7% -23.6% -10.4%	-2.6% 2.2% 8.6% 2.2%			

In 2003, aggressive driving was a contributing factor in 55% of all collisions in Idaho. While two-thirds of all aggressive driving collisions occur in urban areas, 78% of the fatal aggressive driving collisions occur in rural areas. Only 22% of all aggressive driving collisions involve a single vehicle, while 47% of fatal aggressive driving collisions involve only one vehicle. Of the 55 fatal aggressive driving crashes that involved a single vehicle, 48 (or 87%) occurred in rural areas.

The economic cost of collisions involving aggressive driving was \$916.6 million dollars in 2003. This represents 54% of the total costs of Idaho collisions (as shown in Table 4).

Involvement in Aggressive Driving Collisions by Driver Age

Table 33 shows the involvement in aggressive driving collisions by driver age. Drivers, ages 19 and younger, are 3.6 times as likely to be involved in aggressive driving collisions as all other drivers. While drivers ages 20 to 24 are more than twice as likely as all other drivers to be involved in aggressive driving collisions. (Note: odds ratios are different than the involvement rates in the table below) Drivers between the ages of 15 and 22 represent more than one-third of the drivers involved in aggressive driving collisions.

	Table 33 Involvement in Aggressive Driving Collisions by Drivers Age: 2003												
	Lice: Driv		Aggres	Drivers in sive Drivin	All g Collisions	Drivers in Fatal and Injury Aggressive Driving Collisions							
Age	Number	%	Number	%	Involvement*	Number	%	Involvement*					
0-14	0	0.0%	44	0.3%		27	0.5%						
15	4,492	0.5%	134	0.9%	1.8	52	0.9%	1.8					
16	11,345	1.2%	573	3.8%	3.1	200	3.5%	2.8					
17	15,384	1.7%	859	5.7%	3.5	334	5.8%	3.5					
18	16,553	1.8%	974	6.5%	3.6	371	6.4%	3.6					
19	17,831	1.9%	811	5.4%	2.8	289	5.0%	2.6					
20	17,827	1.9%	649	4.3%	2.3	262	4.5%	2.3					
21	16,654	1.8%	591	4.0%	2.2	240	4.1%	2.3					
22	18,193	2.0%	534	3.6%	1.8	202	3.5%	1.8					
23	18,074	2.0%	488	3.3%	1.7	177	3.1%	1.6					
24	17,584	1.9%	418	2.8%	1.5	154	2.7%	1.4					
25-34	161,222	17.4%	2,794	18.7%	1.1	1,076	18.6%	1.1					
35-44	172,264	18.6%	1,947	13.0%	0.7	769	13.3%	0.7					
45-54	179,543	19.4%	1,616	10.8%	0.6	649	11.2%	0.6					
55-64	126,503	13.7%	1,045	7.0%	0.5	435	7.5%	0.5					
65-74	76,739	8.3%	584	3.9%	0.5	219	3.8%	0.5					
75+	55,567	6.0%	652	4.4%	0.7	262	4.5%	0.8					
Not Stated or Other			234	1.6%		77	1.3%						
TOTALS	925,775		14,947			5,795							

^{*} Involvement is calculated by dividing the percent of collisions by the percent of licensed drivers.

Over-representation occurs when the value is greater than 1.0.